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At-Tawassul (Using a means to seek Allāh's Help)

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Publisher's Note

Actually, the topic of *Tawassul* (using a means to seek Allāh's help) is one of the controversial issues among Muslim nation that has not been understood in its due perspective, and which proved hostility and hatred among different groups.

Muslims are supposed to rely on the understanding of *Salaf* (Prophet and his Companions, the second generation after them, and the third generation after). These are the best generations as the Prophet told us.

I regret to say that only a few number of Muslims adhere and follow the way of Salaf regarding this subject while a lot of them deviated from the right way and fell into the stagnant pool of innovations and superstitions.

The author really clarified this topic by mentioning the proofs and evidences which support the three types of the allowed *Tawassul* and at the same time answered the suspicions and confusions surrounding this matter.

May Allāh guide Muslims to the proper understanding and practice of the allowed *Tawassul*.

Abdul Malik Mujahid

General Manager, Darussalam

Tawassul

(Using a means to seek Allāh's Help)

All praise is due to Allāh, and may Allāh's peace and blessings be on His Messenger and Final Prophet, his Companions, household and all those who obey him until the Day of Resurrection.

The scholars of Ahlus-Sunnah wal-Jamaa'ah, who follow the Qur'ān, the Sunnah and the understanding of the Companions, agree that Tawassul (using a means to seek Allāh's help) is allowed in Islam as is evident in various relevant texts of the Qur'ān and Sunnah. However, some Muslims were unable to understand the correct method of Tawassul legisla- ted by the Qur'ān, the Sunnah and the understanding of the Salaf. This is why they fell into confusion and committed errors in this regard that do not conform to the correct guidance

of our Prophet . They also used weak and fabricated *Hadeeths* as evidence, and even worse, explained the Verses and *Hadeeths* regarding the legal *Tawassul* in an incorrect way to conform to their incorrect understanding.

All Muslims are required to rely on the understanding of the *Salaf* from the Companions, and the second and the third generations of Islam. These generations had the best comprehension of the Verses and *Hadeeths* and they are the best members of the Muslim *Ummah* (nation), just as the Prophet said:

"The best people are my generation, then the next generation, then the next generation." (Al-Bukhaari)

Therefore, every Muslim, who believes in

Allah and His Messenger ﷺ, is required to avoid satisfying the desires and lusts, because they are the work and tools of Satan with which he strives to destroy the Islamic law. Further, every Muslim is required to adhere to the understanding of the Salaf in all matters of the religion. This is why we wrote this article on Tawassul, relying on the Verses and Hadeeths and the correct understanding of them by the Salaf. Also, this article is important in that it is on a subject that has been distorted by followers of various innovations and sects, and therefore, it is necessary to explain it in the correct manner. We ask Allah to make this work sincerely for His sake and to guide and direct us to all types of success, for He is Most Generous, Most Kind.

The Meaning of Tawassul

Waseelah linguistically means the means and methods used to draw closer to someone or something. It is also the status and grade one has with the authorities. In Islamic terminology, the Waseelah involves drawing close to Allāh by obeying Him and His Prophet 🛎 and performing good deeds so that one acquires the high grades with Allāh. In doing so he fulfills his needs by bringing benefit or fending off harm, or acquires what he seeks in this life and the Hereafter. Furthermore, the legal Tawassul to Allāh is only that which is performed by following the conditions and guidelines specified in the Islamic law in this regard.

Three Sides to Tawassul

There are three sides to Tawassul. The first is that the Waseelah is directed to Allāh, the All-Generous, Most Beneficent. The second is that there is a person who is performing Tawassul, and he is a weak, needy servant who seeks fulfillment of his needs and requirements. The third is the method of Tawassul, which includes the Waseelah, that is the good deed that one performs for the sake of Allāh. For the Waseelah to bear its intended fruits and gain acceptance and closeness to Allāh, it must conform to the following conditions:

First, the person who is performing *Tawassul* must be a righteous person himself who seeks Allāh Alone with his deeds. Second, the deed that is being used for *Tawassul* to Allāh must be a good deed that Allāh has allowed for His slaves. Third, the righteous deed must be

Types of Impermissible Tawassul

There are innovated types of Tawassul that involve seeking the means of approach to Allāh with what displeases Allah of creed, acts and statements! Since the reason behind invoking Allah in legal Tawassul is fulfillment of various needs, then indulging in impermissible Tawassul will not be successful, and it will keep whoever indulges in it from seeking the legal means of Tawassul. Therefore, by indulging in this impermissible Tawassul, the person loses the chance to remove the affliction. The following are some types of impermissible Tawassul, so that Muslims may be aware of these innovated types and thus avoid using them.

First, *Tawassul* to Allāh by the *Jaah* (status) of some people with Allāh is impermissible.

Some people ask Allāh by the Jaah that

some of His creations have with Him, such as saying, "I ask you by the status of Your Prophet with You." Or, "I ask You by the right that so-and-so has on You." This is an innovated type of *Tawassul* never known in Islam before. It was neither mentioned in the Qur'ān, which Allāh described,

We have neglected nothing in the Book. $(6:38)^{[1]}$

Also, this type of invented *Tawassul* was not mentioned in the *Sunnah* of the

^[1] Editor's Note: The author has used this Verse to imply that the word 'Book' in this Verse means the Qur'ān. However, this is incorrect, as the word 'Book' here is referring to Al-Lawh Al-Mahfoodh (the Preserved Tablet of Decrees) that is written with Allāh. Ash-Shawkaani mentioned this as the correct interpretation in his Tafseer, Fathul-Qadeer, as did Shaikh Al-Albaani in a lecture entitled "Kayfa Yajibu 'Alaynaa an Nufassir al-Qur'ān." However, the Verse that more appropriately applies here is the Verse, "And We revealed to you (Muhammad) the Book (the Qur'ān) as an explanation for everything." (16:89) A.W.

Why Did Many Muslims Fall in Innovated *Tawassul*

There are several reasons why many Muslims practice the innovated and forbidden types of Tawassul. The first is Tagleed, which means blind imitation of others without relying on proof or evidence. Tagleed is a major reason for this error. The Mugallid is he who imitates another person without proof to support what the imitated person says, and the Mugallid never contradicts what the person he imitates says, even if it is proven that what he says is incorrect! Tagleed is disallowed in the religion and Allah criticized those who indulge in it when He said.

﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ تَعَالَوًا إِلَى مَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ وَإِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّلَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

"And when it is said to them: 'Come

to what Allāh has revealed and unto the Messenger (Muhammad for the verdict).' They say: 'Enough for us is that which we found our fathers following,' even though their fathers had no knowledge whatsoever and no guidance." (5:104)

The scholars of the Salaf and the respected Imams disallowed Tagleed for the Muslims. Also, Tagleed causes divisions in the Muslim Ummah, because unity between them is only assured by referring to the Qur'an and Sunnah for judgment concerning all verdicts and all disputes. This is why the Companions did not perform Tagleed of anyone among them, nor did the Four Imams call people to imitate everything they said. Rather, all of them used to abandon their own opinions when they knew that a Hadeeth of the Messenger contradicted what they said. They also forbade others from performing Tagleed of them, and commanded that those who