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Allah's Ultimate Power

1

Soorat al Baqarah, 2: 258

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِى حَآجَ إِبْرَهِ عِمَ فِي رَبِّهِ أَنْ ءَاتَنهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُلَكَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَهِ عِمُ رَبِّي ٱلَّذِى يُحْي وَيُمِيتُ قَالَ إِبْرَهِ عِمُ لَا إِبْرَهِ عِمُ فَإِنَ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مُسِمِنَ ٱلْمَثْرِقِ فَأْتِ بِهَا مِنَ ٱلْمَثْرِ فِ فَبُهِتَ قَالَ أَنَا الْحَيْدِ فَالْحَيْدِ فَالْمَا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَن الْمَثْرِقِ فَأْتِ بِهَا مِنَ ٱلْمَثْرِ فِنَهُ مِنَ الْمَثْمِ وَ فَا لَا اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن الْمَثْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَ

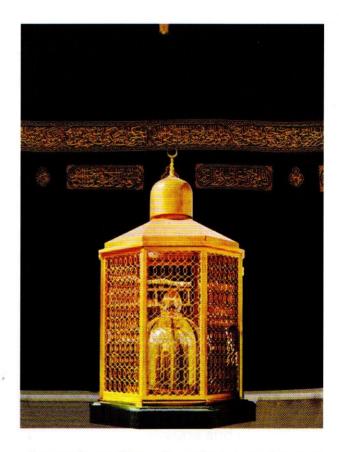
Translation of the Meaning of this Verse

Are you not aware of the man who argued with Ibraaheem about his Lord, because Allah had given him kingdom? When Ibraaheem said, 'My Lord is He Who grants life and death.' He said, 'I give life and death.' Said Ibraaheem, 'Well, then, Allah causes the sun to rise in the east, so cause it to rise in the west!' Thus was he who disbelieved confounded. And Allah does not guide the unjust people. (2: 258)

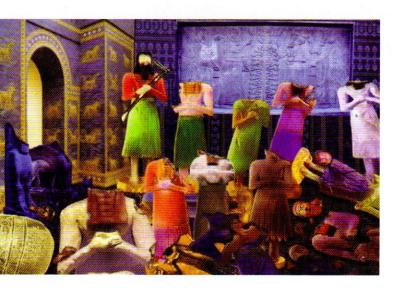
The Debate between Prophet Ibraaheem and King Nimrod

The king referred to in this verse was Nimrod (Namrood), king of Ur, the land of Ibraaheem's birth, Iraq. It is said that Ibraaheem's father was a favoured officer in the kingdom of Nimrod. He had denounced his own son to the king for preaching the Oneness of Allah. Nimrod was a disbeliever. He denied the existence of Allah. He arrogantly and defiantly claimed that he was the creator and pretended that he could give life and cause death. Later on, Pharaoh (Fir'awn) imitated him and declared, 'I do not know that you have a god other than me.' (28: 38)

It was Nimrod who had built a huge fire in which Ibraaheem was flung. The king was later killed by a gnat which entered his brain and ate it. The dearest



of people to him after that was the one who would hit his head with a hammer! He suffered for forty days. (*Tafseer al-Qurtubee*)



One day the people went out to a festival. All the people rejoiced and set out for the celebration, which they used to observe regularly. Prophet Ibraaheem did not join the festival. When he found himself alone at home, he went forth to the huge building where the idols were kept. He hit the idols with an axe and smashed all of them except for the largest idol which he left unharmed and then hung the axe round its neck.

The people returned from the festival and went into the building where the idols were kept. They were especially keen to bow down before the idols because it was the day of their festival. They were amazed and dumbfounded at what they saw.

'Who has done this to our gods?' they cried. They asked Ibraaheem , 'Are you the one who did this to our gods?'

Ibraaheem pointed out to the large idol and said, 'But this, their chief has done it. Ask them if they are able to speak.'

Before the King

When Nimrod heard that Ibraahee prostrated himself only before All and would not prostrate himself before anyone else, he became angry and se for him. Ibraaheem can straightaway. He did not fear anyone except Allah.

The king asked, 'Who is your lo Ibraaheem?' Ibraaheem replied, 'I Lord is Allah.' The king asked, 'And w is Allah, Ibraaheem?' Ibraahee answered, 'The One Who gives life a causes death.' The king said, 'I give I and cause death.'

The king then had a man brough before him and had him killed. Then had another man brought before hand spared his life. Then he proudly sate of Ibraaheem , 'Did you see? I give I and cause death. I put one man to death and let the other man live.'

The king was very silly. idol-worshippers behave foolishly such matters.

Allah had given Nimrod power. E power in the hands of those who do n believe or appreciate Allah's grace a favour can corrupt and lead to tyrans Ibraaheem wanted to make the ki understand. He wanted to make all le people understand that there is no ge but Allah.

He said to the king, 'Well, then, All causes the sun to rise from the east, cause it to rise from the west!'

The Story of a Man

(Soorat al Baqarah 2: 259)

أَوْكَالَّذِى مَرَّ عَلَىٰ قَرْيَةٍ وَهِى خَاوِيَةُ عَلَىٰ عُرُوشِهَا قَالَ أَنَّ يُحِيء هَنذِهِ اللَّهُ بَعَدَمَوْتِهَ الْفَالَهُ اللَّهُ مِائَةَ عَامِثُمَ بَعَثَهُ ، قَالَ كَمْ لَبِثْتَ قَالَ لَبِثْتُ يَوْمًا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمِ قَالَ بَل فَأَمَاتَهُ اللَّهُ مِائَةَ عَامِ فَانظُرْ إِلَىٰ طَعَامِكَ وَشَرَا بِكَ لَمْ يَتَسَنَّهُ وَانظُرْ إِلَىٰ حِمَارِكَ لَبَّ مُنتَسَنَّهُ وَانظُرْ إِلَىٰ حِمَارِكَ وَلَيْ مَا يَتَسَنَّهُ وَانظُرُ إِلَىٰ حِمَارِكَ وَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ مَا يَتَسَنَّهُ وَانظُرُ إِلَىٰ حِمَارِكَ وَلِنَجْعَلَكَ ءَايكةً لِلنَّاسِ وَانظُرْ إِلَى الْعِظَامِ كَيْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنَا فَالِكُ أَلَالَهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَا لَا عَلَمْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مُعَامِلًا مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى ا

Translation of the Meaning of this Verse

Or like him who passed by a town whose roofs had caved in. He said, 'Oh! How can Allah ever bring it to life, after its destruction?' So Allah caused him to die for a hundred years, then raised him up again. He said, 'How long have you remained in this state?' He said, 'I have remained in this state for a day or a part of a day.' He said, 'No, you have remained in this state for a hundred years. Now, look at your food and your drink – it is untouched by the passage of time; and look at your donkey [how We restore it to life that you might gain surety of belief concerning resurrection]. And [We did all this] so that We might make you a sign for people. And look at the bones – how We put them together and clothe them with flesh.' When this became clear to him, he exclaimed, 'I know that Allah has power over all things.' (2: 259)

Who was the man who passed by the town? which town was it?

This verse has aroused a great deal of interest among Qur'an commentators, or the *tafseer* scholars.

Who was the man who passed by the ruined town? Which town was it? What did the man have for food and drink? When did this incident take place?

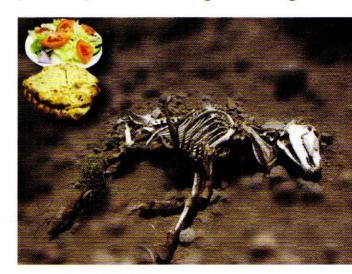
Allah, Most High, caused him to die for a hundred years. He then brought him back to life. While he was dead, the man obviously lost all sense of time and could not tell how long he had been in that state. This is easy to understand. Human beings often misjudge things even when they are in full control of their senses. Scholars have pointed out that since the man was made to die in the early part of the day and Allah resurrected him in the latter part of some other day, when he saw that the sun was still apparent, he thought that it was the sun of that very day. 'How long have you remained in this state?' The man replied, 'A day or a part of a day.' But the man was informed, 'No, you have remained in this state for a hundred years!'



- Why do you think Allah mentioned the incident and not the details of the man or the town?
- The man's exclaiming 'How can Allah ever bring it to life...' was not due to a deficient faith. Explain.
- How does Allah deal with the sincere seekers of truth?
- What was Allah's wisdom behind making the man undergo the wonderful experience of creation?

The Day of Resurrection

The question and answer sequence is meant to demonstrate that on being restored to life on the Day Resurrection, a person will have no idea how long he had spent in barzakh - the interim period intervening between one's death and the Day of Judgement. On being raised, he will feel as if he had just woken up after a short nap. A person will feel that his life on earth was not something in his distant past. It rather would appear to that something happened only yesterday, in the morning or evening.



The Man's Donkey

None of the man's food and drink went bad. It remained in good condition. But the man's donkey was not around. The donkey was made to die along with him. Its bones lay scattered here and there. Now Allah said, 'And look at your donkey. How We bring it back while you are watching.'

Ibn Katheer reported that As-Suddee, one of the early Qur'an